

20 BANGLA (Additional) Page 116 [214/316]

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable

परीक्षार्थी अपनासवा अपने शब्दों में ही उत्तर दें।

Figures in the Margin indicate full marks

दाहिनी ओर हाशिये पर दिये हुए अंक पूर्णक निर्दिष्ट करते हैं।

Time : 3 hours 15 minutes

समय : 3 घण्टे 15 मिनट

Full Marks : 100

पूर्वक : 100

प्रश्न
संख्यापरीक्षा (अतिरिक्त) सत्र
BANGLA (Additional)प्रश्न नं.
लिख अंककुल प्रश्नसंख्या : $100 + 15 = 115$

कुल छपिते पृष्ठसंख्या :

Total Questions : $100 + 15 = 115$

Total printed pages :

परीक्षार्थी को निम्न निर्देश / Instructions to the candidate :

1. परीक्षार्थी को OMR उत्तर पत्र लिखते समय प्रश्न पत्रिका संख्या

(10 अंकों) का ध्यान देना होगा,

Candidate must enter his/her Question Booklet Serial No

(10 Digits) in the OMR Answer Sheet.

2. छात्रों को लिखते समय उत्तर नहीं देना है।

Candidates are required to give their answers

in their own words as far as practicable.

3. प्रश्न पत्रिका में अतिरिक्त प्रश्नपत्रिका का उत्तर न देना है।

Or निर्देश का ध्यान देना है।

Figures in the right hand margin indicate full marks.

4. अतिरिक्त परीक्षा सत्र के लिए - छात्र को अतिरिक्त 15 मिनट

समय (पठन के लिए) दिया है।

15 minutes of extra time have been allotted for the

candidates to read the questions carefully

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the Fe^{2+} solution on the adsorption of Fe^{2+} by the Fe^{2+} -loaded adsorbent. The concentration of the Fe^{2+} solution was 0.01, 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 10000, 20000, 50000, 100000, 200000, 500000, 1000000, 2000000, 5000000, 10000000, 20000000, 50000000, 100000000, 200000000, 500000000, 1000000000, 2000000000, 5000000000, 10000000000, 20000000000, 50000000000, 100000000000, 200000000000, 500000000000, 1000000000000, 2000000000000, 5000000000000, 10000000000000, 20000000000000, 50000000000000, 100000000000000, 200000000000000, 500000000000000, 1000000000000000, 2000000000000000, 5000000000000000, 10000000000000000, 20000000000000000, 50000000000000000, 100000000000000000, 200000000000000000, 500000000000000000, 1000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000, 20000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000, 200000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000, 20000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000, 200000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000, 20000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000, 200000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000, 20000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000, 200000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000000, 20000000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000000, 200000000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000000000, 20000000000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000000000, 200000000000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000000000, 10000000000000000000000000000000000000, 20000000000000000000000000000000000000, 50000000000000000000000000000000000000, 100000000000000000000000000000000000000, 200000000000000000000000000000000000000, 500000000000000000000000000000000000000, 1000000000000000000000000000000000000000, 2000000000000000000000000000000000000000, 5000000000000000000000000000000000000000, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 100, 200, 500, 1000, 2000, 5000, 100, 200, 500, 100000000

[illegible]

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and dates, which appears to be a roster or a list of participants. The names are written in a cursive script, and the dates are written in a more formal, printed style. The list is organized into two columns, with names on the left and dates on the right.

[illegible]

20/05/2020 10:00 AM

1. 10. 1972 23- 300, 1500- 2000 2000 2000 2000

$$\max |x| = 50, \quad \text{and } \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \left(\frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \right) \leq \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon} \leq 100$$

$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 + U(r) \right) = 0$

27. OPA stock is purchased (15) 7/1/73 / 1000

18.06.2022

ਮੈਂ ਇਹ ਪਤਾ ਕਰ ਲਿਆ, ਮਾਧਿਅਮ 2/2 ਅਪ੍ਰੈਲ,

In section - A, there are 20 Objective Type.

blanking in which they sit around in a circle.

[illegible]

but that is, perhaps, a little more complicated.

question: correlation between variables is not 0.5, is it possible to have a correlation of 0.5?

Distance the travel after taking 1000 m. is 1000 m.

I. A प्रश्न 2016/2017/2018 -

116/201/316
Seप्रश्न को
लिए अंक

the correct option. Do not use Whitener/ Liquid/
blade/ nail or CNR sheet, otherwise the result will be
treated invalid.

3. 20 '3' - 6 सहायक उत्तरवित्तिक प्रश्न (10) प्रश्न (प्रश्न)

आए, प्रश्न (प्रश्न) (2) प्रश्न - प्रश्न : ~~प्रश्न~~ प्रश्न, 1500

प्रश्न (प्रश्न) प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न 5x2=10, प्रश्न (प्रश्न) -

6 प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न Comprehension प्रश्न (प्रश्न) प्रश्न, प्रश्न

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प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न 5x2=10, प्रश्न (प्रश्न) (प्रश्न)

प्रश्न प्रश्न (प्रश्न) - प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न

प्रश्न 5x2=10, प्रश्न - प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न

प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न

प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न

प्रश्न प्रश्न प्रश्न /

In section 'B', there are Ten (10) Short Answer Type Questions

in which you have to answer only 5 questions carrying

5x2=10 marks. In addition in Section 'B' there are

two comprehension portions - Only one portion should be

answered including 5 questions carrying 5x2=10 marks.

1. The first step in the process of writing a research paper is to choose a topic. This should be a topic that interests you and one that you are familiar with. Once you have chosen a topic, you should then research it thoroughly. This will involve reading books, articles, and other sources of information. You should also try to find out as much as you can about the different perspectives on the topic.

2. The next step is to develop a thesis statement. This is a statement that expresses your main argument or point of view on the topic. It should be clear, concise, and arguable. Once you have developed a thesis statement, you should then organize your research and write your paper.

3. The final step is to revise and edit your paper. This is an important step that should not be overlooked. You should read your paper carefully and make any necessary changes. You should also ask someone else to read your paper and give you feedback.

4. Once you have revised and edited your paper, you should then format it properly. This includes things like using the correct margins, font, and spacing. You should also make sure that you have properly cited all of the sources that you used.

5. Finally, you should submit your paper to your professor. Make sure that you submit it on time and in the correct format. Good luck!

Section - A

Section - A

Section - A

Section - A

Section - A

Section - A

Section - A

50x2=50

1. Section - A

a) Section - A

b) Section - A

c) Section - A

d) Section - A

e) Section - A

2. Section - A

a) Section - A

b) Section - A

3. Section - A

a) Section - A

b) Section - A

1. एक ही प्रकार के पदों को जोड़ें।

अ) पदों को जोड़ें।

ब) पदों को जोड़ें।

ग) पदों को जोड़ें।

घ) पदों को जोड़ें।

च) पदों को जोड़ें।

2. निम्नलिखित पदों को जोड़ें।

अ) पदों को जोड़ें।

ब) पदों को जोड़ें।

3. निम्नलिखित पदों को जोड़ें।

अ) पदों को जोड़ें।

ब) पदों को जोड़ें।

4. निम्नलिखित पदों को जोड़ें।

अ) पदों को जोड़ें।

ब) पदों को जोड़ें।

5. निम्नलिखित पदों को जोड़ें।

अ) पदों को जोड़ें।

ब) पदों को जोड़ें।

6. निम्नलिखित पदों को जोड़ें।

[illegible]

1. $\frac{1}{2}$ (1.5)

7. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

18

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2} \Rightarrow f'(x) = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$$

1. $\frac{1}{2}$ of the population

④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ⑪ ⑫ ⑬ ⑭ ⑮ ⑯ ⑰ ⑱ ⑲ ⑳ ㉑ ㉒ ㉓ ㉔ ㉕ ㉖ ㉗ ㉘ ㉙ ㉚ ㉛ ㉜ ㉝ ㉞ ㉟ ㊱ ㊲ ㊳ ㊴ ㊵ ㊶ ㊷ ㊸ ㊹ ㊺ ㊻ ㊼ ㊽ ㊾ ㊿

3. अनुसंधान

1. (10 points)

9

(g) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

1. What is the purpose of the study?

1st - 1st trial from

09/06/2017

2. complete any

$$u_1 \log u_2 (u_1)^{-a} u_2^{-a} = e^{\log u_1} \cdot e^{\log u_2} \cdot e^{-a \log u_1} \cdot e^{-a \log u_2}$$

2. NH_4NO_3 -

28/8/22

27/06

2. (b) (i) (ii) (iii)

۱۲

$$\vec{r}_1 - \vec{r}_2 = -\vec{r}_2 + \vec{r}_1$$

11) $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$

Q - 2 (a) (ii)

2) अनुसूचित जाति

1. 15/12/22

10

प्रश्न - 2. यदि $\sin A = \frac{3}{5}$ तो $\cos A = ?$

સ) પાટલોમણી

Ex. 2.1.10

2) NH_4^+

2. (10/12/2016)

52

[illegible]

九) 综合练习

10

4) உயிர் & உயிர்

Q $\frac{1}{2} \times 200 = 100$

1	1. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	A. Cellulose
	2. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	B. Hemicellulose
	3. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	C. Pectin
2	4. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	D. Lignin
	5. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	E. Chitin
	6. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	F. Cellulose
3	7. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	G. Hemicellulose
	8. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	H. Pectin
	9. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	I. Lignin
4	10. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	J. Chitin
	11. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	K. Cellulose
	12. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	L. Hemicellulose
5	13. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	M. Pectin
	14. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	N. Lignin
	15. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	O. Chitin
6	16. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	P. Cellulose
	17. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	Q. Hemicellulose
	18. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	R. Pectin
7	19. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	S. Lignin
	20. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	T. Chitin
	21. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	U. Cellulose
8	22. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	V. Hemicellulose
	23. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	W. Pectin
	24. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	X. Lignin
9	25. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	Y. Chitin
	26. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	Z. Cellulose
	27. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	AA. Hemicellulose
10	28. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	AB. Pectin
	29. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	AC. Lignin
	30. Which of the following is not a part of the cell wall?	AD. Chitin

1	Q. Define money.	A. Money is a medium of exchange.
2	Q. What are the functions of money?	A. Money has three functions: 1. Medium of exchange, 2. Store of value, 3. Unit of account.
3	Q. What is the difference between money and wealth?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while wealth is a stock of assets.
4	Q. What is the difference between money and income?	A. Money is a stock, while income is a flow.
5	Q. What is the difference between money and capital?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while capital is a stock of assets.
6	Q. What is the difference between money and credit?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while credit is a loan.
7	Q. What is the difference between money and debt?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while debt is a liability.
8	Q. What is the difference between money and equity?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while equity is a claim on assets.
9	Q. What is the difference between money and interest?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while interest is a return on capital.
10	Q. What is the difference between money and profit?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while profit is a return on investment.
11	Q. What is the difference between money and loss?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while loss is a decrease in value.
12	Q. What is the difference between money and cost?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while cost is a sacrifice.
13	Q. What is the difference between money and benefit?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while benefit is a gain.
14	Q. What is the difference between money and utility?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while utility is a measure of satisfaction.
15	Q. What is the difference between money and welfare?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while welfare is a measure of well-being.
16	Q. What is the difference between money and happiness?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while happiness is a state of mind.
17	Q. What is the difference between money and health?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while health is a state of the body.
18	Q. What is the difference between money and education?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while education is a process of learning.
19	Q. What is the difference between money and culture?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while culture is a set of values.
20	Q. What is the difference between money and religion?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while religion is a belief system.
21	Q. What is the difference between money and art?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while art is a creative expression.
22	Q. What is the difference between money and science?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while science is a systematic study.
23	Q. What is the difference between money and philosophy?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while philosophy is a study of ideas.
24	Q. What is the difference between money and literature?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while literature is a written work.
25	Q. What is the difference between money and music?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while music is a sound composition.
26	Q. What is the difference between money and dance?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while dance is a movement.
27	Q. What is the difference between money and sports?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while sports are physical activities.
28	Q. What is the difference between money and games?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while games are recreational activities.
29	Q. What is the difference between money and hobbies?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while hobbies are interests.
30	Q. What is the difference between money and passions?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while passions are strong feelings.
31	Q. What is the difference between money and desires?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while desires are wants.
32	Q. What is the difference between money and needs?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while needs are necessities.
33	Q. What is the difference between money and wants?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while wants are desires.
34	Q. What is the difference between money and necessities?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while necessities are essentials.
35	Q. What is the difference between money and luxuries?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while luxuries are non-essentials.
36	Q. What is the difference between money and comforts?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while comforts are conveniences.
37	Q. What is the difference between money and pleasures?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while pleasures are enjoyments.
38	Q. What is the difference between money and pains?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while pains are sufferings.
39	Q. What is the difference between money and joys?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while joys are happinesses.
40	Q. What is the difference between money and sorrows?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while sorrows are sadnesses.
41	Q. What is the difference between money and hopes?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while hopes are expectations.
42	Q. What is the difference between money and fears?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while fears are anxieties.
43	Q. What is the difference between money and loves?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while loves are affections.
44	Q. What is the difference between money and hates?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while hates are dislikes.
45	Q. What is the difference between money and kindnesses?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while kindnesses are good deeds.
46	Q. What is the difference between money and cruelties?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while cruelties are harsh actions.
47	Q. What is the difference between money and virtues?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while virtues are good qualities.
48	Q. What is the difference between money and vices?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while vices are bad qualities.
49	Q. What is the difference between money and wisdoms?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while wisdoms are knowledges.
50	Q. What is the difference between money and ignorances?	A. Money is a liquid asset, while ignorances are lack of knowledges.

1.	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____
4.	_____	_____
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6.	_____	_____
7.	_____	_____
8.	_____	_____
9.	_____	_____
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11.	_____	_____
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19.	_____	_____
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23.	_____	_____
24.	_____	_____
25.	_____	_____
26.	_____	_____
27.	_____	_____
28.	_____	_____
29.	_____	_____
30.	_____	_____

7.6.6

[illegible]

1	A) काली - धारा - ...	B) ...
2	C) ...	D) ...
3	E) ...	F) ...
4	G) ...	H) ...
5	I) ...	J) ...
6	K) ...	L) ...
7	M) ...	N) ...
8	O) ...	P) ...
9	Q) ...	R) ...
10	S) ...	T) ...
11	U) ...	V) ...
12	W) ...	X) ...
13	Y) ...	Z) ...
14	AA) ...	AB) ...
15	AC) ...	AD) ...
16	AE) ...	AF) ...
17	AG) ...	AH) ...
18	AI) ...	AJ) ...
19	AK) ...	AL) ...
20	AM) ...	AN) ...
21	AO) ...	AP) ...
22	AQ) ...	AR) ...
23	AS) ...	AT) ...
24	AV) ...	AW) ...
25	AX) ...	AY) ...
26	AZ) ...	BA) ...
27	BB) ...	BC) ...
28	BD) ...	BE) ...
29	BF) ...	BG) ...
30	BH) ...	BI) ...
31	BJ) ...	BK) ...
32	BL) ...	BM) ...
33	BN) ...	BO) ...
34	BP) ...	BQ) ...
35	BR) ...	BS) ...
36	BT) ...	BU) ...
37	BV) ...	BW) ...
38	BX) ...	BY) ...
39	BZ) ...	CA) ...
40	CB) ...	CC) ...
41	CD) ...	CE) ...
42	CF) ...	CG) ...
43	CH) ...	CI) ...
44	CJ) ...	CK) ...
45	CL) ...	CM) ...
46	CN) ...	CO) ...
47	CP) ...	CQ) ...
48	CR) ...	CS) ...
49	CT) ...	CU) ...
50	CV) ...	CW) ...
51	CX) ...	CY) ...
52	CZ) ...	DA) ...
53	DB) ...	DC) ...
54	DD) ...	DE) ...
55	DF) ...	DG) ...
56	DH) ...	DI) ...
57	DJ) ...	DK) ...
58	DL) ...	DM) ...
59	DN) ...	DO) ...
60	DP) ...	DQ) ...
61	DR) ...	DS) ...
62	DT) ...	DU) ...
63	DV) ...	DW) ...
64	DX) ...	DY) ...
65	DZ) ...	EA) ...
66	EB) ...	EC) ...
67	ED) ...	EE) ...
68	EF) ...	EG) ...
69	EH) ...	EI) ...
70	EJ) ...	EK) ...
71	EL) ...	EM) ...
72	EN) ...	EO) ...
73	EP) ...	EQ) ...
74	ER) ...	ES) ...
75	ET) ...	EU) ...
76	EV) ...	EW) ...
77	EX) ...	EY) ...
78	EZ) ...	FA) ...
79	FB) ...	FC) ...
80	FD) ...	FE) ...
81	FF) ...	FG) ...
82	FH) ...	FI) ...
83	FJ) ...	FK) ...
84	FL) ...	FM) ...
85	FN) ...	FO) ...
86	FP) ...	FQ) ...
87	FR) ...	FS) ...
88	FT) ...	FU) ...
89	FV) ...	FW) ...
90	FX) ...	FY) ...
91	FZ) ...	GA) ...
92	GB) ...	GC) ...
93	GD) ...	GE) ...
94	GF) ...	GG) ...
95	GH) ...	GI) ...
96	GJ) ...	GK) ...
97	GL) ...	GM) ...
98	GN) ...	GO) ...
99	GP) ...	GQ) ...
100	GR) ...	GS) ...

$$f(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(x^2 + 2x + 1 \right) = 2x + 2$$
[illegible]
$$d) \quad \frac{1}{x} = x^{-1} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} x^{-1} = -1 x^{-2} = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$
$$x_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$
[illegible]

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42. $(2\pi) \cdot (1) \cdot (6) = 12\pi$

Ques : $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\log_e x^x \right)$

प्रश्न- एक कक्षा में 30 छात्र हैं। उनमें से 15 छात्रों को गणित पसंद है। गणित पसंद करने वाले छात्रों की संख्या को कुल छात्रों की संख्या से तुलना करें।

[illegible]

30/10/2020, 20:00, कनिष्ठ जीव रसायन प्रयोग, भा. 2.

QUESTION

• ΔG° is maximum when ΔG° is minimum

and the effect, impact, etc. of the

1/10/2020 5/2 20/20/2020 1/10/2020

to work in the system, the system must be able to handle the data.

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13/09/20

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a)

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d)

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13.

- Q. 1. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\therefore \frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$

2019年12月10日

- $\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-v^2/c^2}} \right) = \frac{v}{c^2} \frac{dv}{dt}$

1. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$ (Probability of getting 2 heads)

15. एक कार्बन संयोजक - रिक्त 9 दाएं (मही) 130 (2-4 152 वा (मही) 05-

- 2) संकेत प्रणाली / Signalling System

14	अथर्ववेद
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c)	वा. मंडल
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- d) ~~axiom 4~~ $\rightarrow$ ~~axiom 4~~ (Axiom-4) form